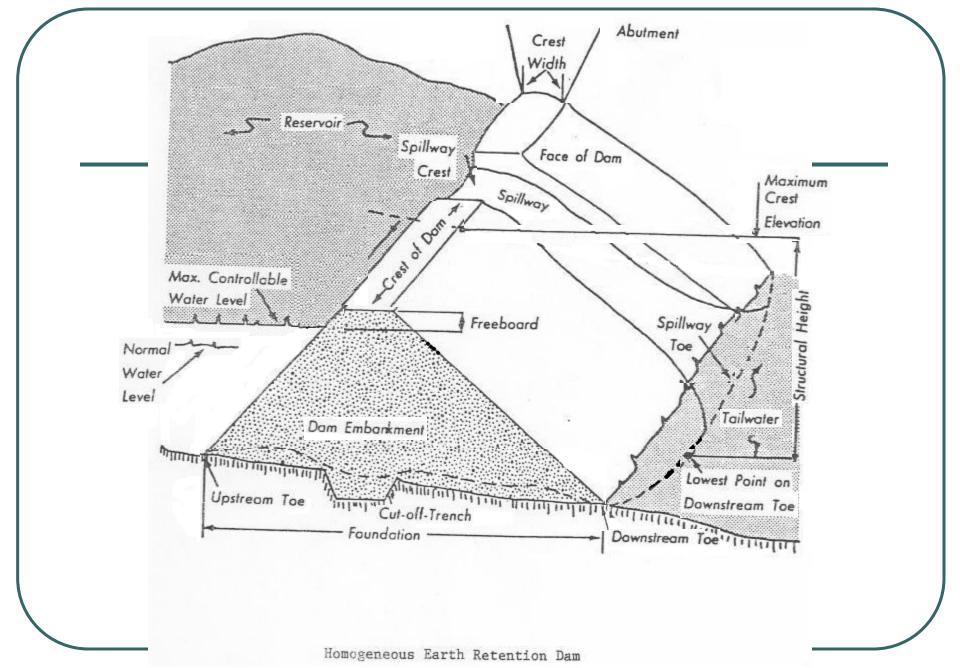
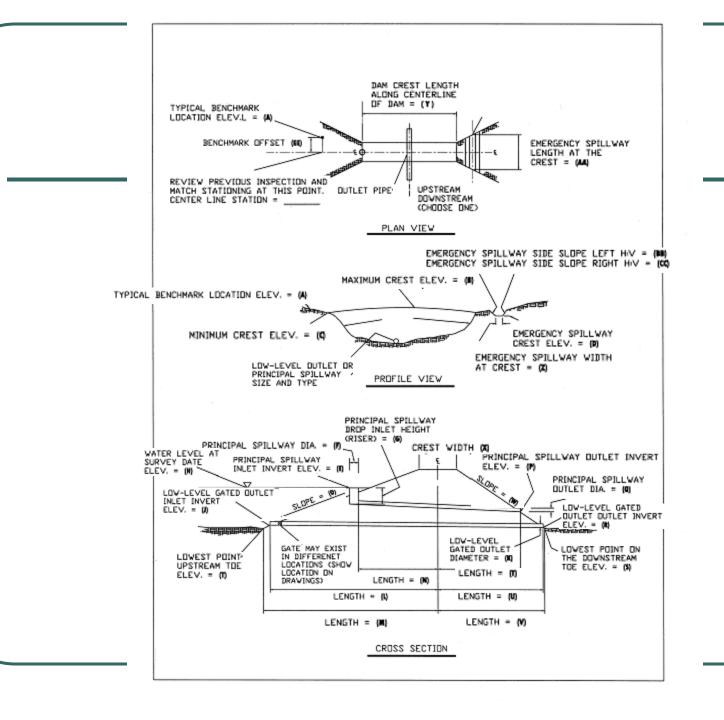
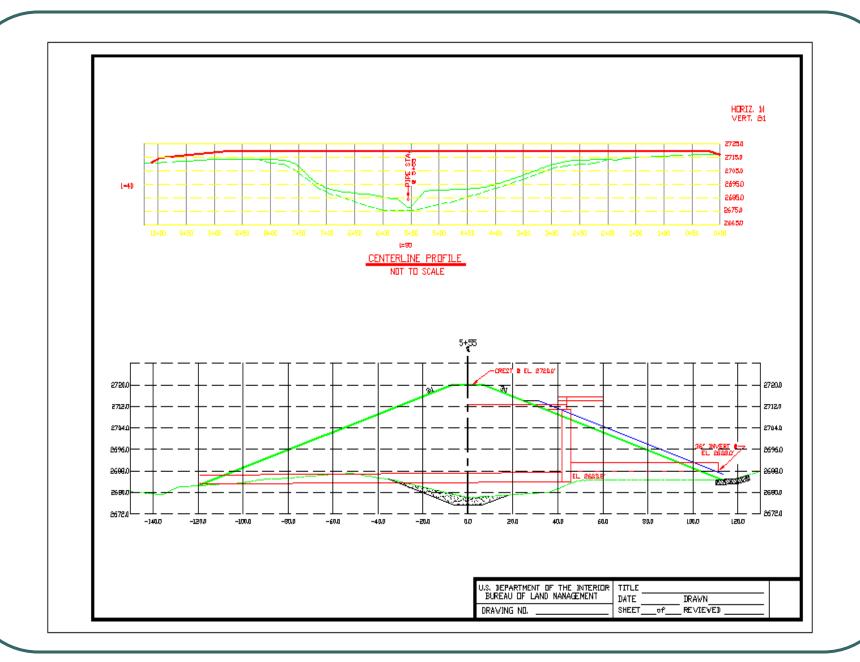
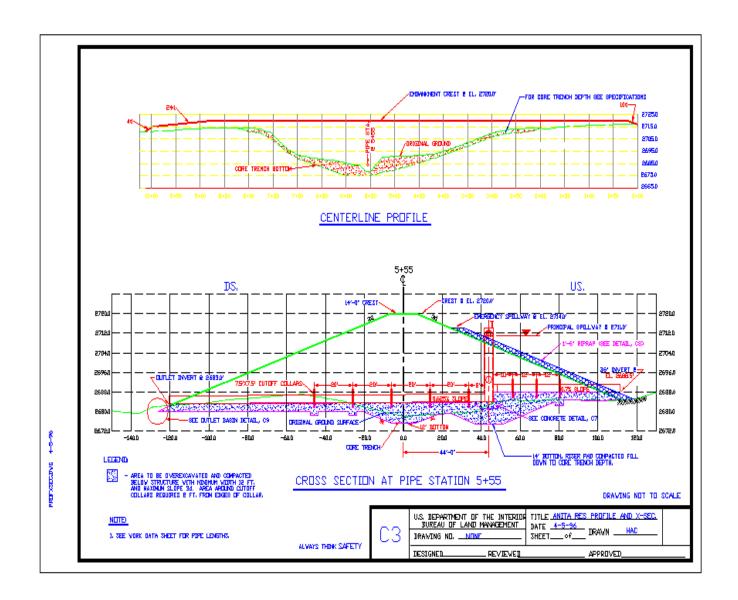
Dam Design Old vs. New





Old Construction Methods







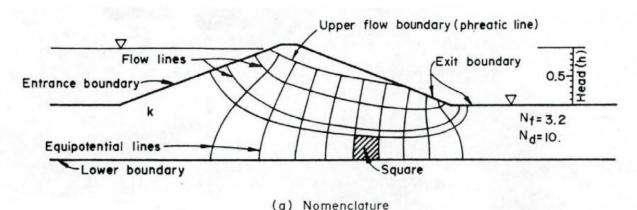








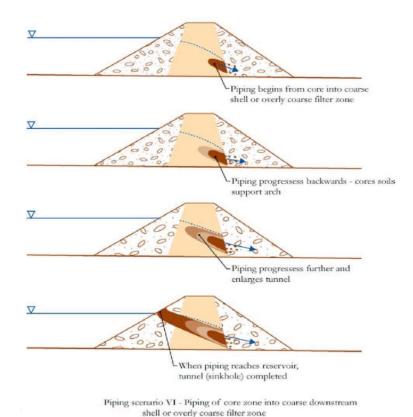
New Construction Methods



- (d) Nomencialare
- 1. Flow and equipotential lines intersect at right angles and are chosen to form curvilinear squares.
- 2. Flow quantity between all pairs of adjacent flow lines (in all flow channels) is the same.
- 3. Energy loss between all pairs of equipotential lines is the same.
- 4. Velocity and hydraulic gradient are a function of the spacing between flow and equipotential lines.
- 5. Lines within the net are smooth curves.
- 6. Squares at a discharge face exposed to the atmosphere may be incomplete.
- 7. Equipotential lines intersect the phreatic line at equal increments of elevation.

(b) Properties

Factors That Cause Piping



No Filter Between Core & Coarse Shell

- Migration of fines into shell zone
- Progressive tunnel erosion
- Eventual piping failure

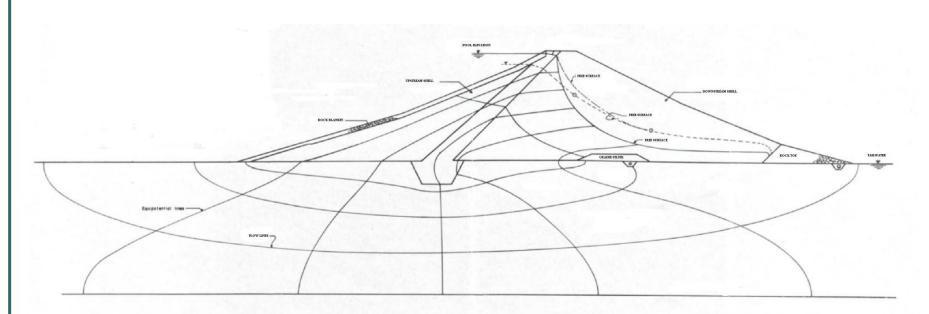
EMBANKMENT WITH PERVIOUS TOE DRAIN

WATER LEVEL

PERVIOUS TOE

IMPERVIOUS

MULTI ZONED EMBANKMENT WITH TOE DRAIN



FLOW NET AT CROSS SECTION 5+0

- In the Slot test, water under high pressure passes through the simulated crack & the filter
- Eroded particles of the base soil collect at the filter face and stop flow in the crack

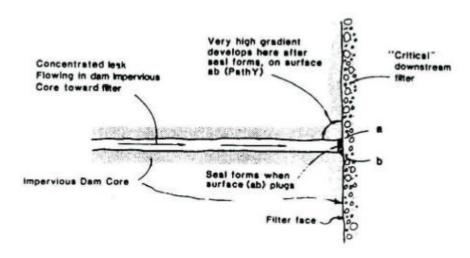
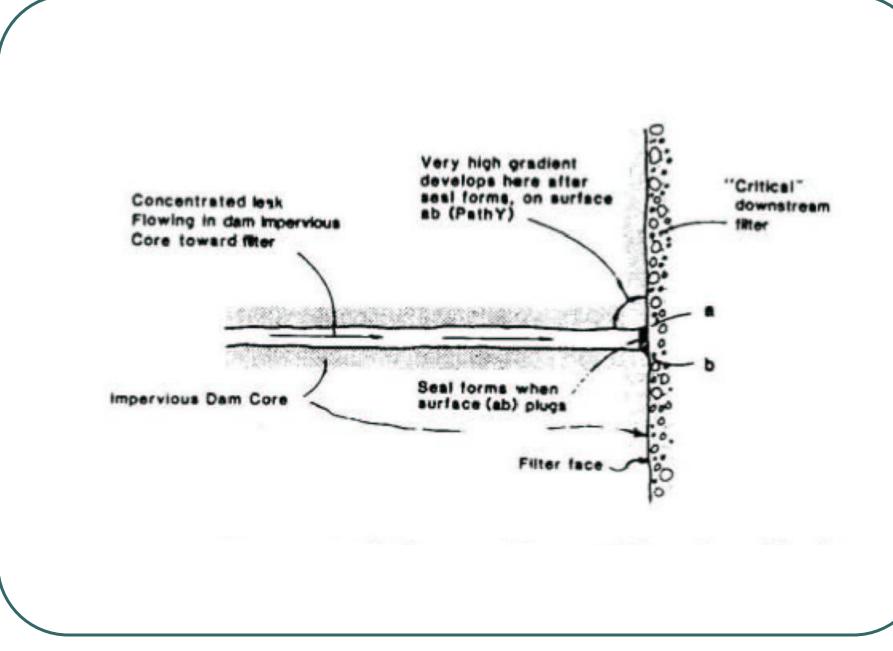
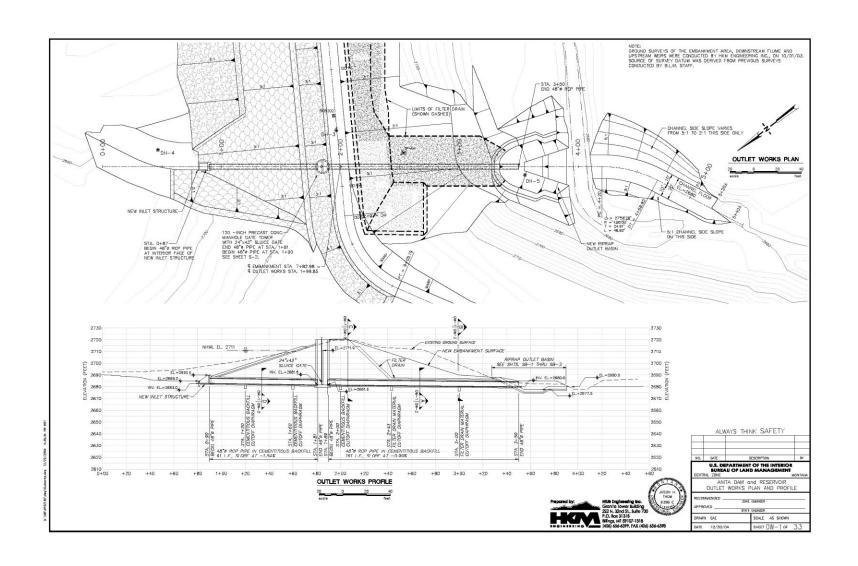
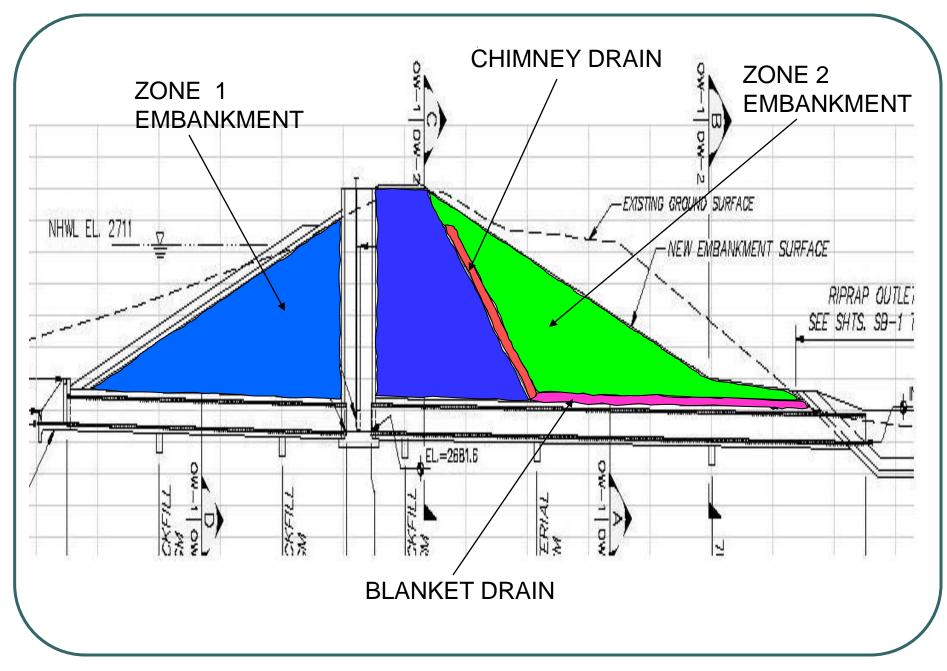
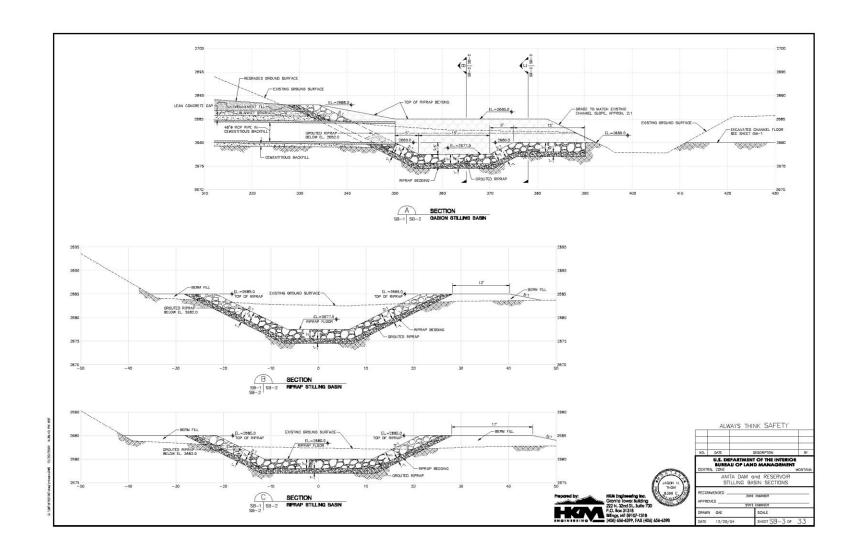


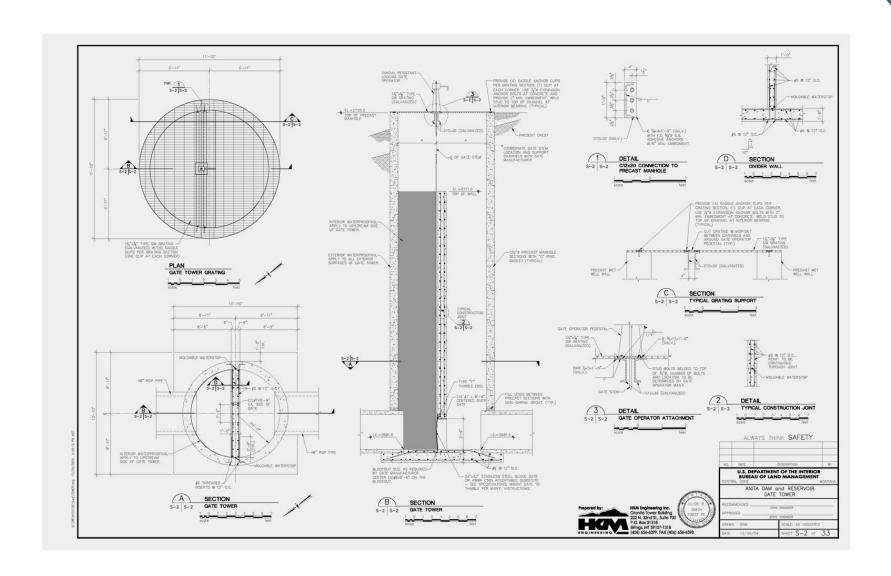
FIG. 1.—Sketch Showing Concentrated Leak Through Dam Core Discharging Into Downstream Filter (No Scale)

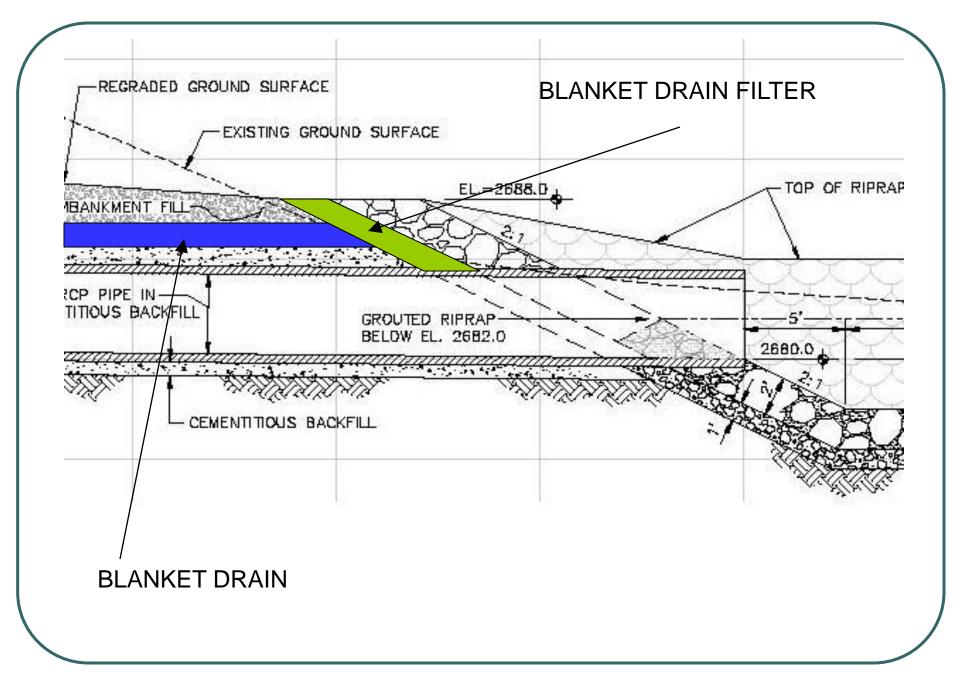












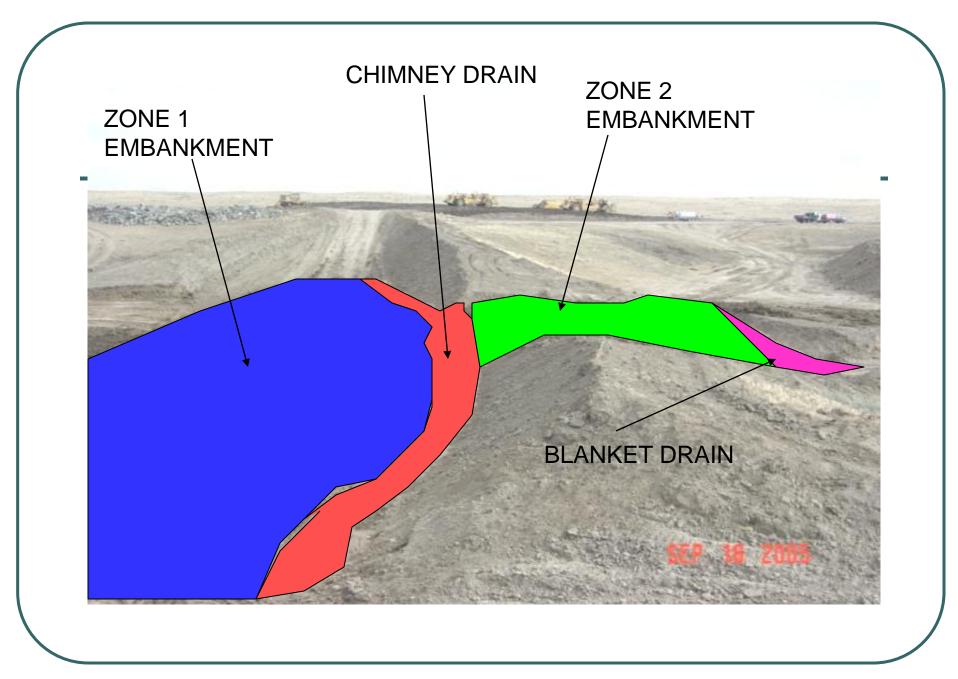






















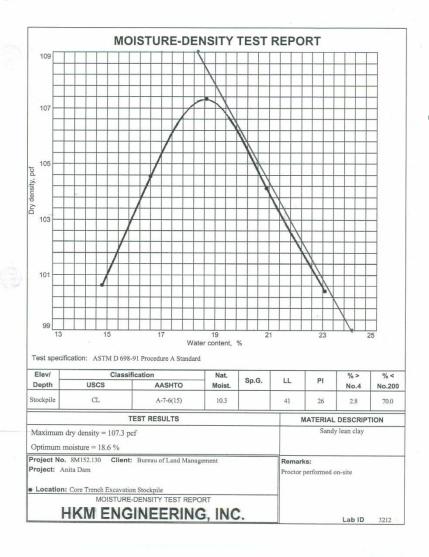


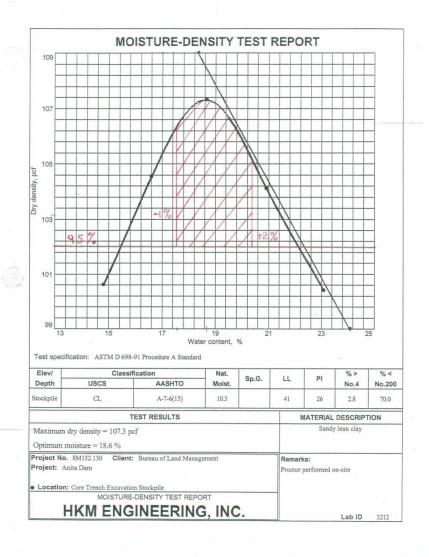


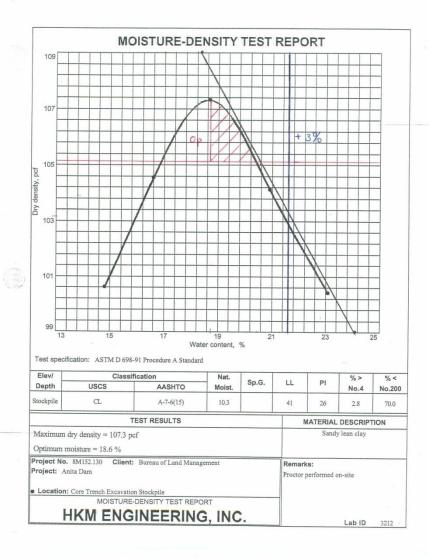












Areas To Review













The End

Field Trip

Equipment and Materials
Needed

SAFETY JOB HAZARDS

- Cactus
- Falling in rodent holes, washouts, pipe inlets, so on
- Driving into washouts
- Insect bites
- Weather exposure hot or cold
- Twisted ankles, knees, backs

- Stay aware of hazards for your partners and yourself.
 When you see a hazard identify it to others.
- Wear appropriate clothing including foot wear.
- Be cautious when driving into the site on unimproved roads.

DAM SAFETY INSPECITON REPORT

Name of Dam

Administrative State

Geographic State

County

Field Office

Section

Aliquot Part

Meridian

BLM ID No

Current Hazard Class

Population at Risk

Size of Dam

Type of Dam

Alameda

New Mexico

New Mexico

Dana Ana

Las Cruces

T28S R02E Sec.1

NE

Significant

TBA

Earth

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION REPORT

River/Stream Crossed Unnamed Tributary to Rio Grande

Seismic PGA

Date Dam Constructed 1930's

Date Dam Modified

Plan/Section Dwg No

Date of Last Inspection

Safety issues/warnings for inspectors

Driving Directions to Dam

10/08/2008

Mesquite, Cactus

East of Las Cruces City Limits.

Draining into Las Cruces Main

Dam.

Equipment

- Map to the site
- Last Inspection
- Drawings of Embankment
- Self leveling level or laser level
- Survey rod or laser reflector
- Measuring tape 300 ft. and 25 ft.
- Stop watch
- Flashlight
- Appropriate Clothing
- Survey note book and inspection forms

Equipment

- Bucket
- GPS Unit
- Camera (Batteries, Chips)
- Hand Level
- Clinometer
- Shovel

FIELD TEAMS

- Team A -E
 - Advisor Mike Montgomery (task 1 &2)
 - Advisor JJ Gallegos (task 3)
 - Advisor Dana Cork (task 4)

- 1. Measure Elevations with level (2 groups)
- 2. Layout Stations with 300 ft tape
- 3. Measure partial high water area with GPS, Lat & Long.
- 4. Make visual inspection of dam and photograph deficiencies

Teams

- Team A
 - Jim Honn
 - Norm Rockwell
 - Cindy Dreps
 - Eddie Sanchez
 - Gary Fiske

Team B

- Walt Hislop
- Dan Carter
- Carrie Wontorcik
- Eric Antrin

Team C

- Mike Hardy
- Ryan Bates
- Ken Donley
- Anthony Sowell
- Elaine Lopez

Team D

- Miriam Liberatore
- Rosemarie Spano
- Roger Dalrymple
- Celina Martinez

Team E

- Dan Stone
- Wendy Warren
- Jessica Bush
- Shelley Cooper